

Décrire une image en anglais

1) Identifier le document (= introduction)

This document is a ... / consists of ...

- a photograph / a photo in colour / in black and white
 - a drawing
 - a cartoon
 - a comic strip
 - an advertisement = an advert = an ad
 - a poster
 - a map
 - an illustration etc.
-
- It comes from ... / It is an extract from ... / It is taken from ...
 - It is an advertisement for ... / It is to advertise a product
 - It was published in (+ name of newspaper / magazine) on + date / in + année...
 - It is a shot from a film entitled ... directed by ...
 - It was drawn by ... / painted by ... / taken by ... / made by ... → ... a cartoonist / a painter / a photographer / an advertiser ... etc.

2) Décrire le document

Commencez toujours par décrire ce qui est le plus évident, et répondez aux Wh-questions

==> Who / When / What / Where

La composition

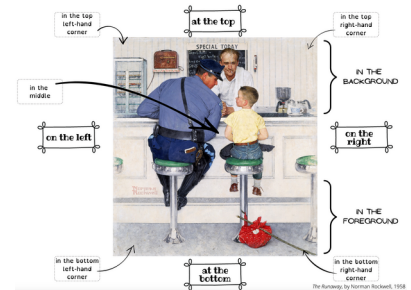
- It consists of ... / It is composed of ...
- There is a ... title / slogan / text / photograph / drawing / cartoon / chart / map / plan / caption...
- It shows ... / It represents ... / We can see ...
- It is a close-up

La localisation

- The scene takes place in ... / The setting is ...
- It is seen from a distance / from above / from below
- Under the title / below the picture / opposite the drawing / next to / between / behind / in front of / above / under etc.



Utiliser le document « describing a picture » pour s'aider



Les personnages

- There is 1 ... there are 2,3 ... characters
- Age : The woman / The man is about forty / In her - his forties (Dans les 40 ans) / About 45 (à peu près 45 ans) / in her - his mid-forties / in her - his late forties (proche de la cinquantaine)...



- Vêtements, couleurs, formes ... (clothes, colours, shapes ...)
- **On utilise toujours la forme présent BE+ V-ing pour faire une description !**

3) Analyser le document

- I suppose that ... / I think that ... / According to me, ...
- The author means that ... / suggests that ... / shows that ...
- The author informs / tells / warns us about ...
- The author's aim is to attract people's attention by showing ...
- What the author wants to denounce is ...

4) Opinion personnelle et conclusion

I agree with the author / I disagree with the author because ...

I find the document interesting / amazing / striking / interesting / funny / thought-provoking...

I like / I don't like this document because ...

It makes me feel sad / angry / happy ...

To conclude / As a conclusion, we can say that ...

(La conclusion reprend brièvement l'idée principale du document et ouvre sur autre chose ...)